

# Remote Sensing: Garry Oak Species Detection



# What for and why now?

**Age of mapping:** Garry oak ecosystems were last mapped in 2006

**Quality of mapping:** Methods and accuracy have improved since 2006

**Scale of land use change:** Environmental regulations have been weakened and development regulations strengthened. The built environment is targeted for building density across greater Victoria.

**Building strong evidence:** Access to public high resolution data is limited. Community organizations have limited information to advocate for Garry oak protection and stewardship.

# What for and why now?

**Where are Garry oaks?** On private property: we don't know.

**Where are large Garry oaks?** On private property: we don't know.

**Is the population growing, or declining?** On private property: we don't know.

**Why the focus on private property?** 537,000 of 742,000 Saanich trees (72%) are on private lands (SUFR 2023)

# Why GOMPS?

A close-up photograph of a Garry oak tree's leaves. The leaves are large, dark green, and have prominent veins. The background is slightly blurred, showing more of the tree and some sunlight filtering through the branches.

**Capacity:** GOMPS has the technical capacity to develop an urban forestry remote sensing project, and the ability to fundraise the project.

**Strengthening partnerships:** GOMPS can contribute this dataset as high accuracy evidence to support other community organizations in their important work around Garry oaks.

**Organizational stability:** Enhancing our advocacy effort supports the recruitment of members, volunteers, donors, and draws attention to our nursery trees. It builds capacity to access grants.

# Why LiDAR?

**Historical Garry oak ecosystems of Vancouver Island, British Columbia, pre-European contact to the present (Lea, 2006):** Garry oak ecosystems are endangered in Canada with less than 10% remaining and less than 5% undisturbed relative to their abundance at European settlement.

# Why LiDAR?

**Proof of concept:** GOMPS can develop a model of high accuracy species detection analysis for measuring an individual species that can be repeated in other jurisdictions (local and regional).

# Why Victoria and Saanich UCB?



**Cost:** LiDAR/ortho is flown by aircraft. Larger areas=more money.  
Victoria has several urban forest data sets to support this analysis (i.e. inventory, VCAN, etc.)

# Project specifications

## *Project Location:*

City of Victoria and District of Saanich

- **AOI size:** 13,168 ha
  - City of Victoria: 2,188 ha
  - District of Saanich: 10,981 ha

## *Spatial Reference Details*

- **Geodetic Datum:** NAD83(CSRS)/CGVD2013
- **Map Projection:** UTM, Zone 10N
- **Geoid Model:** CGG2013a
- **Units:** Metric

## *Lidar Data:*

- Proposed density:  $\geq 20$  pt/m<sup>2</sup>, meeting these specifications:
  - 18 cm absolute vertical accuracy at 95% confidence on impervious single return surfaces
  - 36 cm horizontally at 95% confidence
  - Minimum 50% FL sidelap
  - Average nominal point density per square meter
    - Minimum for understory segmentation: 16 pt/m<sup>2</sup>

Clearly demonstrable that the proposed altitude and laser rep / power settings would result in returns from bare earth, soil, vegetated surfaces based on sensor manufacturer specifications

## *Imagery:*

- Proposed resolution: 10 cm
  - 4-band (RGB+NIR), stereo coverage
  - Optional RGB

# Goals

**Short term goal:** Acquire LiDAR and 4-band orthographic data, perform initial analysis, provide datasets to UBC MGEM students.

**Medium term goal:** Support community science, Indigenous governments and local governments' analysis and decision making, and build on academic research of Garry oak and Garry oak ecosystems with this open-access, high quality dataset.

**Long term goal:** Establish this method as a standard for municipalities across the CRD to run on their ongoing urban forest analysis, and share with other regions.

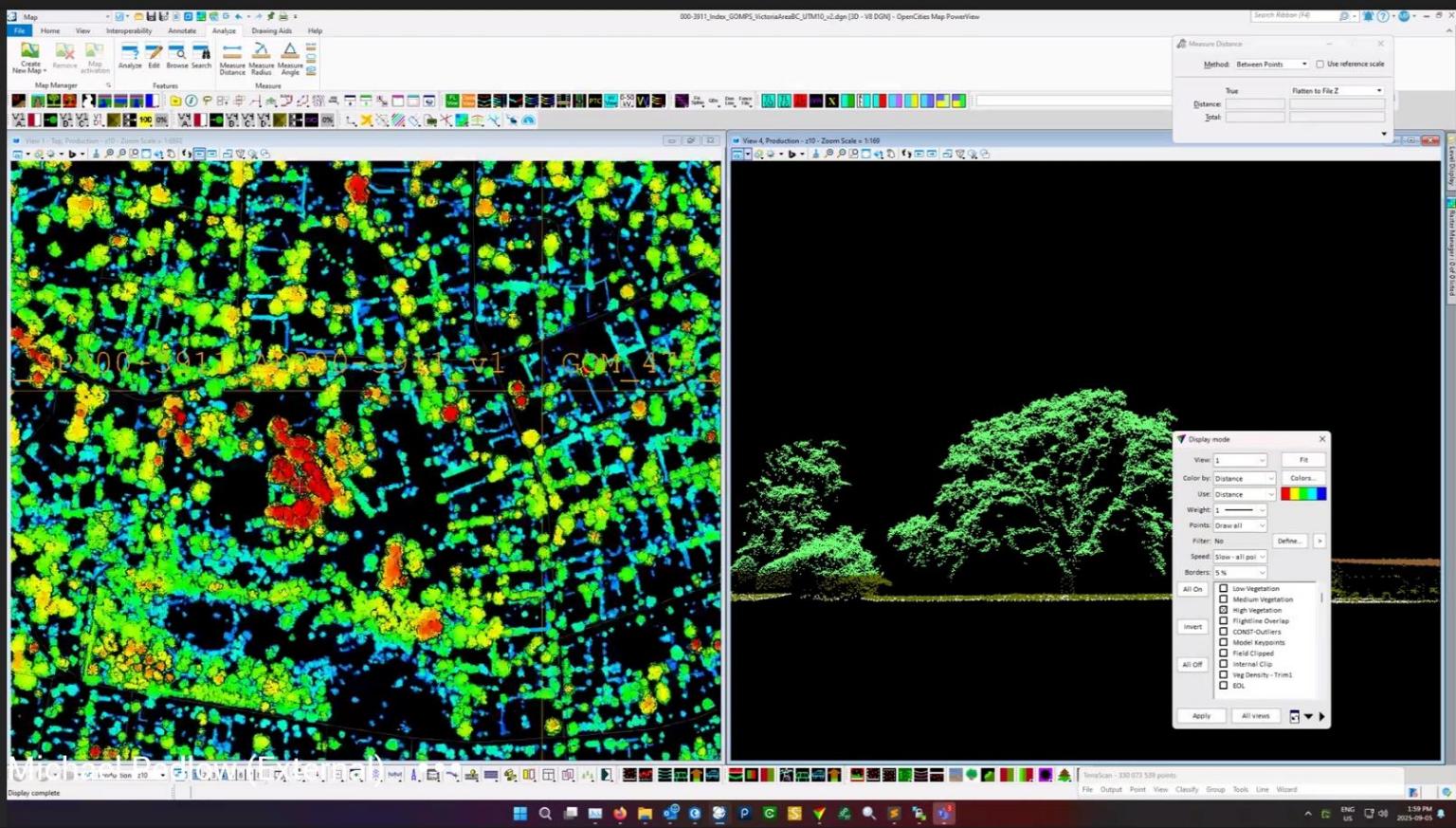
# What's next?

**Phase 1:** Fundraising, developing scope of work, selecting a contractor, and executing the scope of work for acquisition and baseline analysis **\*COMPLETE\***.

**Detailed Analysis (Phase 2):** Take delivery of pre-classified raw datasets, provide datasets to UBC MGEM students, and begin technical meetings between contractor, GOMPS, and UBC MGEM for the geoprocessing tool development (project completion in late 2026)

**Outreach (Phase 3):** GOMPS will evaluate approaches to disseminate results beginning in early 2026.







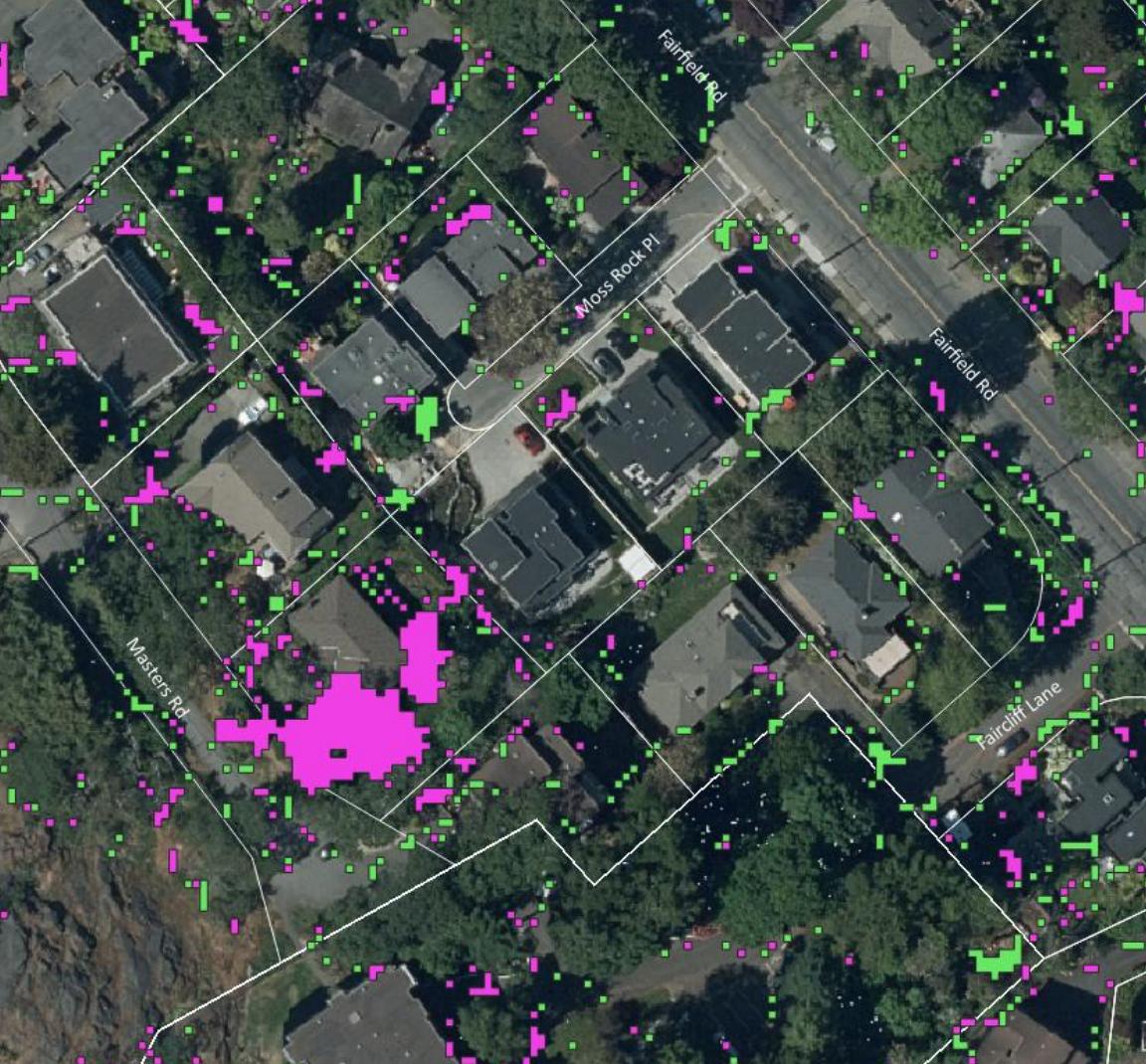
# What's next?

**TRS:** Urban forest analysis (City-wide, zoning modernization, neighbourhood), gain/loss LiDAR classification, land cover and height classified LiDAR, 10cm aerial imagery.

**MGEM:** Course work and capstone proposals are underway.

Deliverables:

- Garry oak species detection overall area
- Garry oak species detection individual polygons
- Garry oak species individual tree inventory
- Accuracy assessments
- Open source methods (ArcGIS Pro)



PropertiesImagery

ProposedWaterMain3

Roads

- (All layers)
- Transportation
  - E & N Railway
  - E & N Railway
  - Ferry Route
  - Ferry Route
- Highway
- Major Roads
  - Road Labels 1-1500
  - Road Labels 1-1500
  - Road Labels 1500-5k
  - Road Labels 1500-5k

000-3911\_Vegetation\_Loss\_vDRAFT

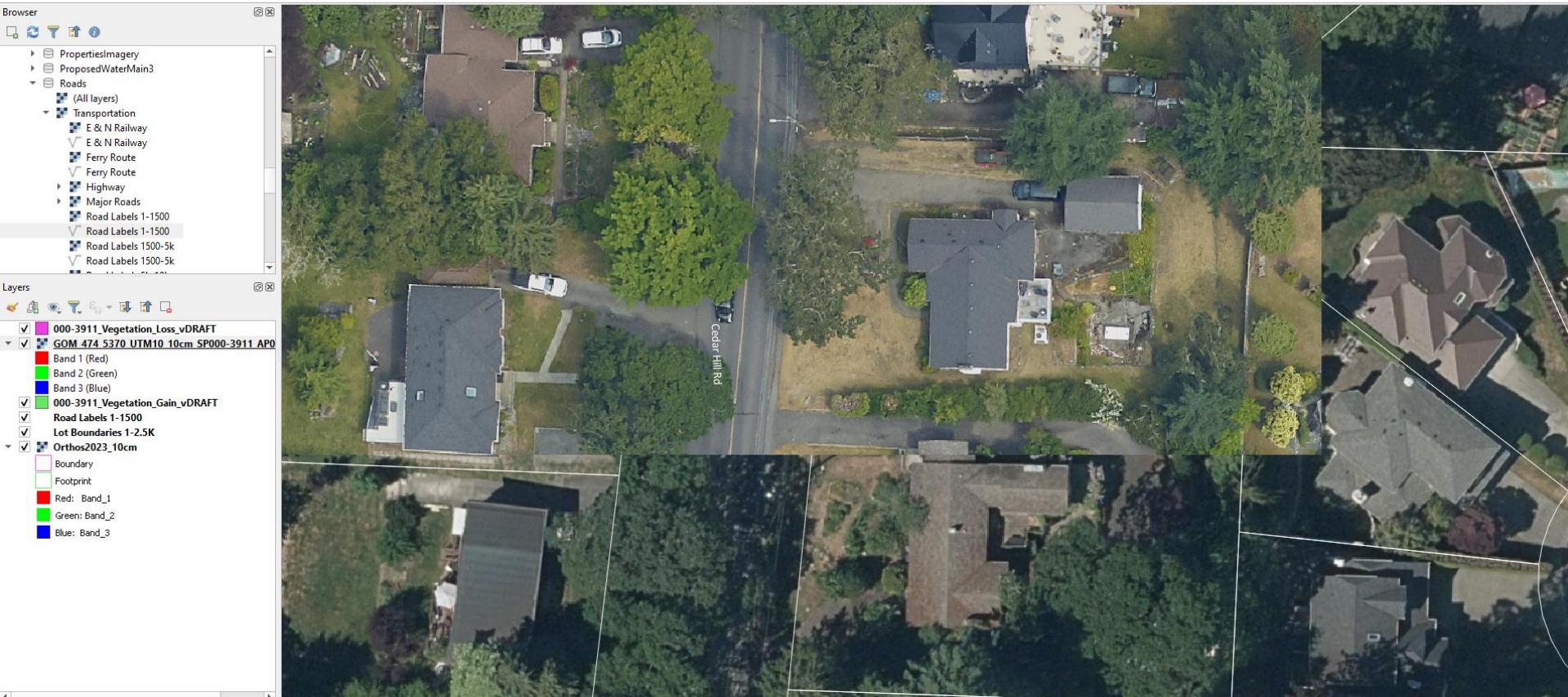
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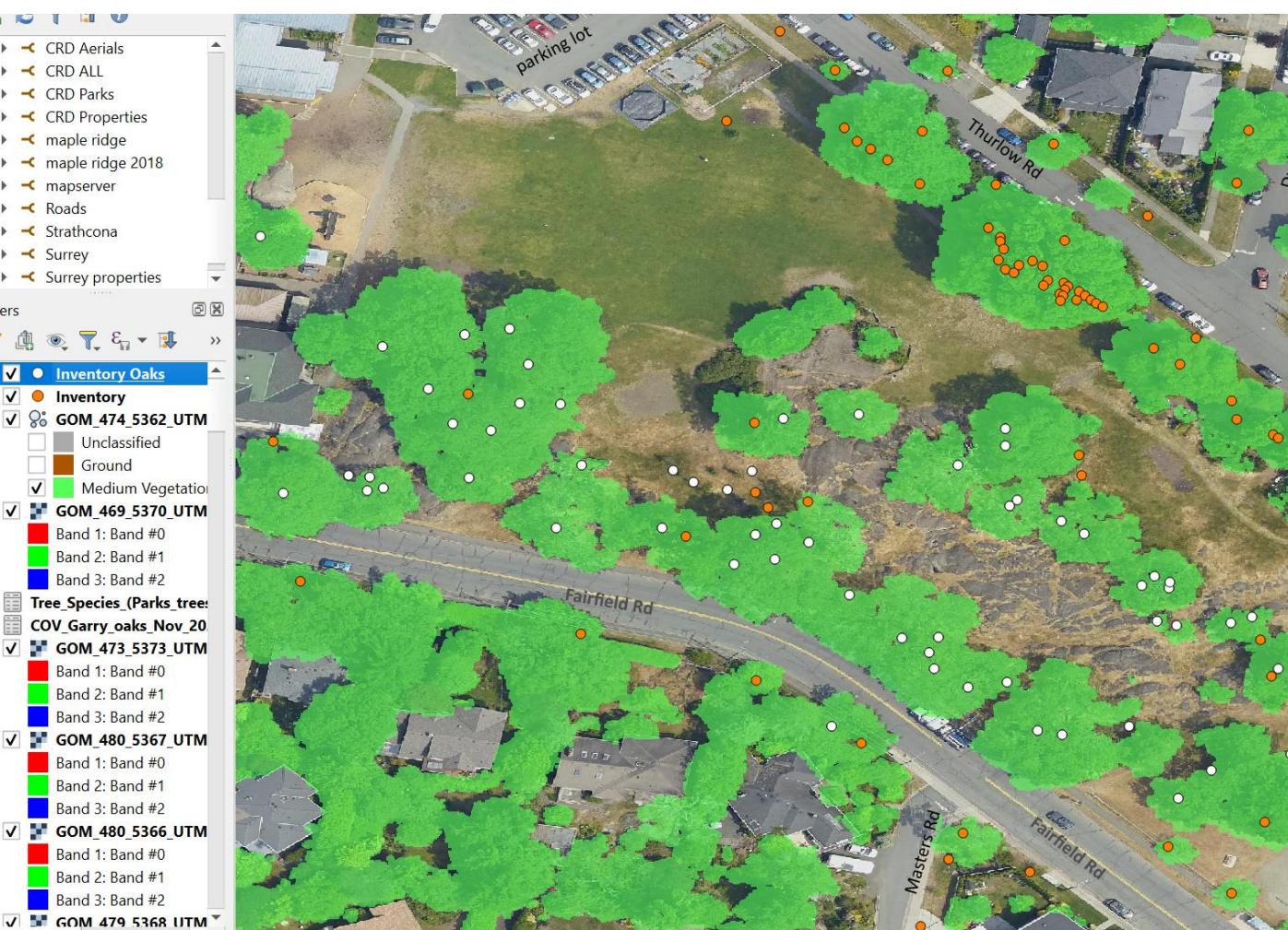
Road Labels 1-1500

Lot Boundaries 1-2.5K

Orthos2023\_10cm

- Boundary
- Footprint
- Red: Band\_1
- Green: Band\_2
- Blue: Band\_3





# Questions?

